SPATIAL IDENTITY AS A STRATEGIC DESIGN TOOL THE CASE OF BAB TOUMA SQUARE IN DAMASCUS, SYRIA



The concept of spatial identity has The thesis starts with an analytical study development discussions all over the issues related to this concept, then the world, especially that it is being seen as discussion continues with a critical study an adaptation tool to globalization of effects. The focus nowadays is on examples to have a further practical finding methods to invest this concept in understanding of the application of this different contexts and to address the concept, followed by the analysis of the spatial changes resulted of its dynamic nature, and how to control those the spatial identity components as

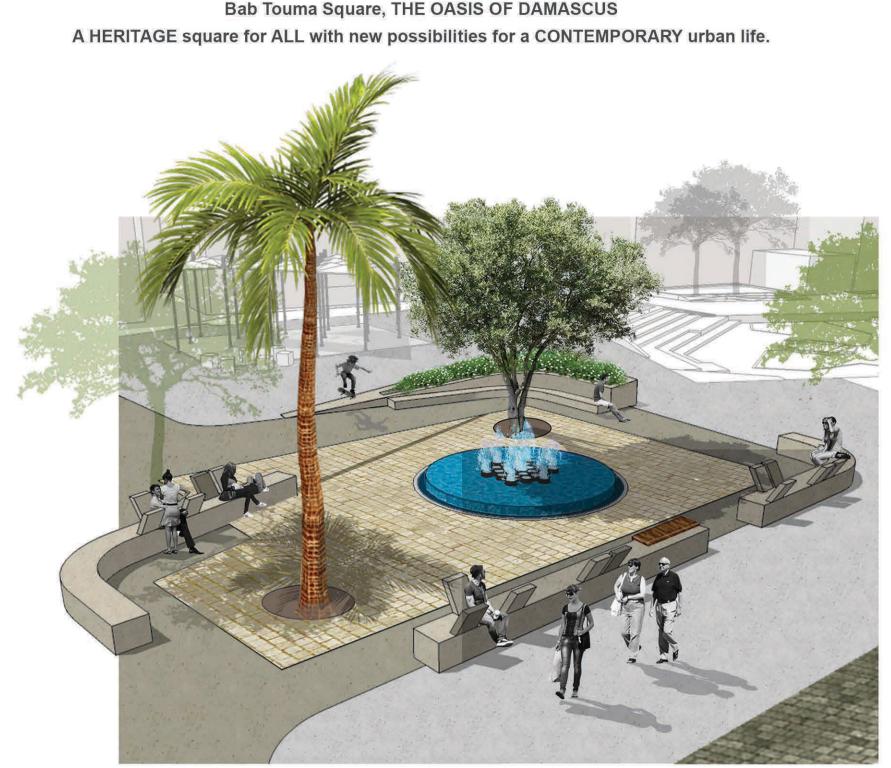
The dynamic nature of spatial identity necessity of detecting and considering strategies especially when drastic transformative changes occur due to crisis situations like natural disasters or synthesis, the thesis wars, which is the case under discussion participatory design in this thesis project. This thesis discusses the case of Bab

Touma square in the city of Damascus, Syria, which experienced several years the square and would fulfill the of a crisis situation. It argues that in community's future aspirations for the cases where public open spaces experience drastic changes, the development of these spaces should be for the concept of spatial identity, a new based on the principle of "spatial identity" strategic identity "vision" for Bab Touma reformation", otherwise, there is a threat of losing identity and social attachment to those spaces and thus having barriers and an urban furniture kit. of development in the future.

The aim of this thesis is to identify all constituent elements of spatial identity in order to utilize this concept as a strategic design tool, and to emphasize the role of social consciousness as an essential actor in the process. It aims to change the confusing perception of Bab Touma square after the crisis and recreate a new image that would contribute to the overall recovering of the city.

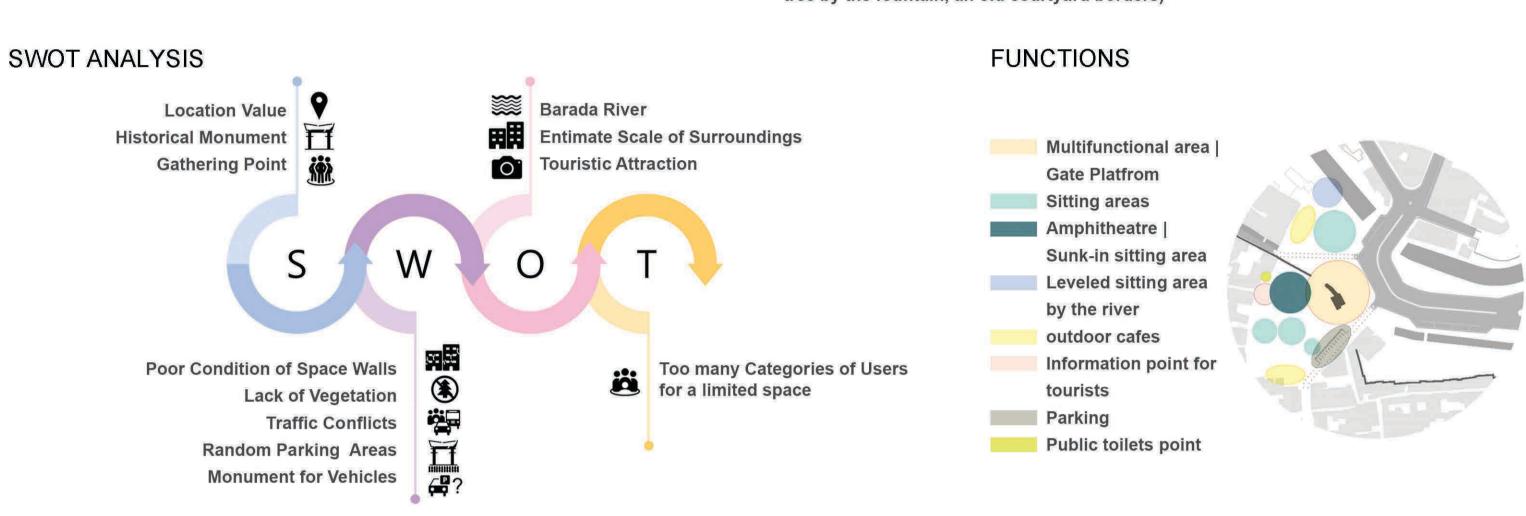
components and all the aspects and some local and international case study, which was conducted using guidelines, and emphasizing the the changes before and after the crisis to control the negative ones and further invest in the positive ones. Finally, after would be compatible with the social perception and consciousness toward

The thesis will provide a reference study square and its objectives, a master plan of the design proposal, a vegetation plan

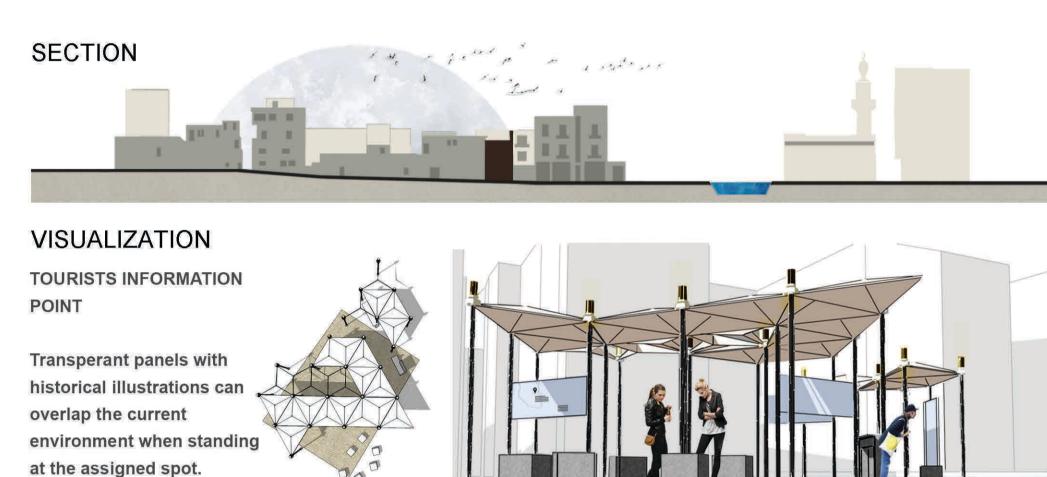


Sitting areas with cultural references (Traditional pavement, solitary fruit tree by the fountain, an old courtyard borders)





The VISION:







The treatement of Barada river bank at the northern edge of the square: Leveled area for more interaction with water | Replacing the concrete base of the river with a more permeable material to restore the natural state of the river bank and help improving biodiversity.



Entrance information panel

oreintation system and the tourists information system

close to the gate as part of the

AMPHITHEATRE with a clear view towards

the historical gate.